Model information & Spec

	Model Name	Sort	Catheter Article Name	Needle Article Name	Catheter Length (mm)	Catheter Out Diameter (Ø)	Needle Length (mm)	Needle Out Diameter (Ø)	Needle Material
1	SWF21VP22F	Cervical	SWF21	SWVP-22F	115	0.8	100	1.3	Metal Needle
2	SWF21VP23F			SWVP-23F					Peek Needle
3	SWF23VP25F		SWF23	SWVP-25F	130	1.3	101.5	1.8	Metal Needle
4	SWF23VP26F			SWVP-26F					Peek Needle
5	SWF31VP31F	Lumbar	SWF31	SWVP-31F	230	1.5	183	2.2	Metal Needle
6	SWF31VP32F			SWVP-32F					Peek Needle
7	SWF31VP33F			SWVP-33F			169.5		Metal Needle
8	SWF31VP34F			SWVP-34F					Peek Needle
9	SWF31VP35F			SWVP-35F			170	2.5	Insulating Needle

How the Lower Back Procedure Works

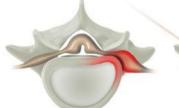


Image 1: Contained disc herniation causing pain and pressure on the nerve root.



Image 2: Initial entry: A small needle is guided into the symptomatic disc through a small inci-

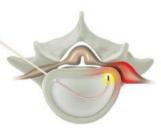
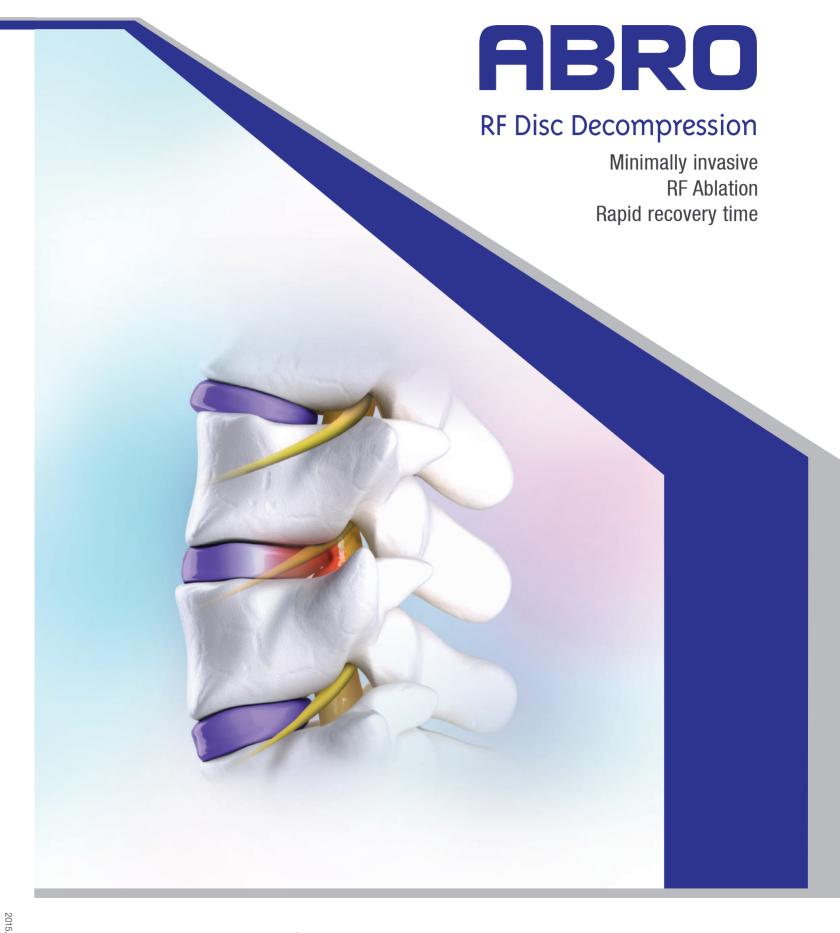


Image 3: Decompression: A patented RF device is inserted through the needle, into the disc, removing excess tis-



Image 4: Post operative: Restored disc with treated herniation which may relieve







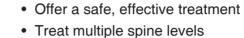


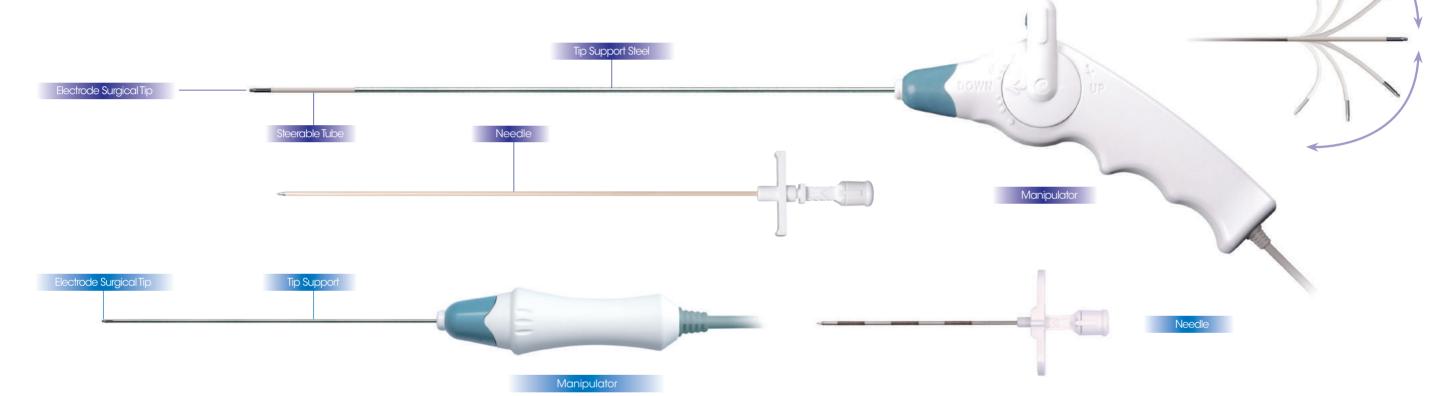
Who is a Candidate for RF Disc Decompression?

The best candidate for this procedure is one who suffers from a contained disc herniation that has not responded to conservative care. Typical signs of a contained disc herniation are primary pain radiating down the leg or arm accompanied by some back or neck pain. RF Disc Decompression is not useful for degenerative disc disease or spinal fractures.

RF Disc Decompression

• Provide significant improvement in quality of life





Electrode Surgical Tip Tip Support Manipulator

Benefits of RF Disc Decompression:

- Minimally invasive
- Anesthesia requirements are minimal
- Elimination of complications that may result from open surgery
- Outpatient procedure
- No overnight hospitalization required
- Lasts from 1-2 hours
- Rapid recovery time
- Patients go home the same day of treatment
- Quick symptom relief within two weeks for most patients